

TIMELINE

The Korean War

This revision activity works best if you do it with a friend, and talk about it as you do it.

Print off and cut out the cards below; place the yellow timeline card on a table.

Select the *six* most important events and place them against the correct date on the timeline.

Explain HOW they turned out to be important – what were the consequences.

Finally, muddling up all the event cards, practise placing the events next to the correct dates.

25 June 1950 ↓	The NKPA invades South Korea.
27 June ↓	UN passes Resolution 83 to “repel the armed attack”
6 July 1950 ↓	US 34 th Infantry defeated at Pyongtaek (→ Americans pushed back to Pusan).
15 Sept 1950 ↓	Inchon amphibious landing (→ NKPA outflanked and pushed back).
7 Oct 1950 ↓	UN General Assembly passes Resolution 376 authorising “all appropriate steps” (→ MacArthur invades North Korea).
25 Nov 1950 ↓	The PVA launches their Second Phase Offensive (→ UN forces are driven back into South Korea).
July 1950 ↓	No Gu Ri atrocity: US forces fire on fleeing refugees, killing 150.
11 Apr 1951 ↓	Truman sacks MacArthur.
22 Apr 1951 ↓	Having driven the PVA back, UN forces establish the front line at the ‘Wyoming Line’.
Sep 1951 ↓	A series of very bloody battles along the front line, notably ‘Heartbreak Ridge’ (→ stalemate).
Apr 1953 ↓	Operation ‘Little Switch’ – an exchange of sick & wounded – breaks the impasse at Panmunjom over POWs.
27 July 1953	Ceasefire signed.